









## Intimation.

## POWELL'S

Alexandra Buildings.

## FIRST-CLASS

## DRESS-MAKING

by

EXPERIENCED FITTERS.

BEST WORK  
ONLY.CUT, STYLE AND  
FIT

GUARANTEED.

Moderate Charges.

NEW DRESS  
FABRICS

for

Morning, Afternoon,  
and  
Evening Gowns.

All Wool Armures

\$1.25 per yard.

Eolennes and Voiles

\$1.50 to \$3.00 per yard.

Mohairs and Lustres

\$1.50 to \$2.50 per yard.

Taffeta Beiges

\$1.00 per yard.

Velours Chiffon Voiles

\$1.75 per yard.

Voile a Jour

\$1.25 per yard.

Silk Warp Mohairs

from \$2.00 per yard.

ALL THE LATEST  
PRODUCTIONS.WM. POWELL,  
LIMITED."Alexandra  
Buildings,"

Hongkong, 16th January, 1906.

## Intimations.

CHINA PROVIDENT LOAN AND  
MORTGAGE COMPANY,  
LIMITED.

THE NINTH ORDINARY ANNUAL MEETING OF SHAREHOLDERS in the Company will be held at the Offices of the Company, St. George's Building, No. 6, Connaught Road, on SATURDAY, 20th January, 1906, at 11 A.M., for the purpose of receiving a Statement of Accounts and the Report of the General Managers for the year ending 31st December, 1905, declaring a Dividend and electing a Consulting Committee and Auditors.

THE TRANSFER BOOKS of the Company will be CLOSED on WEDNESDAY, the 17th January, until SATURDAY, the 20th January, 1906, both days inclusive.

SHEWAN, TOMES & Co.,  
General Managers.  
Hongkong, 15th January, 1906. [95]

THE HONGKONG LAND RECLAMA-  
TION COMPANY, LIMITED.

NOTICE is hereby given that the FIFTH ORDINARY MEETING OF SHAREHOLDERS in the Company will be held at the Company's Office, Victoria Buildings, on THURSDAY, the 20th January, 1906, at 12 o'clock Noon, for the purpose of receiving the Report of the Directors, together with a Statement of Accounts for the year ending 31st December, 1905.

The REGISTER OF SHARES of the Company will be CLOSED from TUESDAY, the 16th January, to SATURDAY, the 20th January (both days inclusive), during which period no Transfer of Shares can be registered.

By Order of the Board of Directors,  
MOWBRAY S. NORTHCOLE,  
Secretary.

Hongkong, 11th January, 1906. [111]

THE WEST POINT BUILDING COM-  
PANY, LIMITED.

NOTICE is hereby given that the EIGHTEENTH ORDINARY MEETING OF SHAREHOLDERS in this Company will be held at the Company's Office, Victoria Buildings, on THURSDAY, the 18th January, 1906, at 11.30 o'clock A.M., for the purpose of receiving the Report of the Directors, together with a Statement of Accounts for the year ending 31st December, 1905.

The REGISTER OF SHARES of the Company will be CLOSED from SATURDAY, the 20th January, to THURSDAY, the 18th February (both days inclusive), during which period no Transfer of Shares can be registered.

By Order of the Board of Directors,  
A. SHELTON HOOPER,  
Secretary to the Hongkong Land Invest-  
ment and Agency Co., Ltd.

General Agents for the West Point Build-  
ing Co., Ltd.  
Hongkong, 10th January, 1906. [108]

THE HONGKONG LAND INVESTMENT  
AND AGENCY COMPANY,  
LIMITED.

NOTICE is hereby given that the EIGHTEENTH ORDINARY MEETING OF SHAREHOLDERS in this Company will be held at the Company's Office, Victoria Buildings, on THURSDAY, the 18th January, 1906, at 11 o'clock Noon, for the purpose of receiving the Report of the Directors, together with a Statement of Accounts for the year ending 31st December, 1905.

The REGISTER OF SHARES of the Company will be CLOSED from SATURDAY, the 20th January, to THURSDAY, the 18th February (both days inclusive), during which period no Transfer of Shares can be registered.

By Order of the Board of Directors,  
A. SHELTON HOOPER,  
Secretary.

Hongkong, 10th January, 1906. [119]

COLONIAL SECRETARY'S DEPART-  
MENT.

INFORMATION has been received from the Military Authorities that FIELD FIRING PRACTICE will be carried out on the area bounded by lines from Diamond Hill to Lion Hill, thence to Tates Cairn, Kowloon Peak and back to Diamond Hill with the exception of the parcels over Shatin and Grasscutters Passes, on the 13th, 15th, 17th, 19th, 21st, 23rd and 25th January, between the hours of 9 A.M. and Noon on each day.

T. SERCOMBE SMITH,  
Colonial Secretary.  
Hongkong, 13th January, 1906. [121]

A. CHAZALON  
& CO.

6, QUEEN'S ROAD CENTRAL.

NOTED for their WINES, SPIRITS  
and PROVISIONS of which they have  
always a large assortment in stock.

The oldest established EUROPEAN  
BAKERS in the Colony.

Hongkong, 19th September, 1905. [61]

THE HONGKONG  
STUDIO,

HIGHER CLASS PHOTOGRAPHY,  
41 & 43, QUEEN'S ROAD CENTRAL,  
TOP FLOOR.

PORTRAITS, GROUPS and ENLA-  
RGING and COPYING in all Sizes.

LARGE SELECTION OF VIEWS ALWAYS  
ON HAND.

PRICES VERY MODERATE.  
Hongkong, 19th September, 1905. [165]

## Intimations.

## CONFIDENCE

said Lord Chatham, "is a plant of slow growth." People believe in things that they see, and in a broad sense they are right. What is sometimes called blind faith is not faith at all. There must be reason and fact to form a foundation for trust. In regard to a medicine or remedy, for example, people ask, "Has it cured others? Have cases like mine been relieved by it? Is it in harmony with the truths of modern science, and has it a record above suspicion? If so, it is worthy of confidence; and if I am ever attacked by any of the maladies for which it is commended I shall resort to it in full belief in its power to help me." On these lines.

WAMPOL'S PREPARATION has won its high reputation among medical men, and the people of all civilized countries. They trust it for the same reason that they trust in the familiar laws of nature or in the action of common things. This effective remedy is palatable as honey and contains all the nutritive and curative properties of Pure Cod Liver Oil, extracted by us from fresh cod livers, combined with the Compound Syrup of Hypophosphites and the Extracts of Malt and Wild Cherry. It quickly eradicates the poisonous, disease-breeding acids and other toxic matters from the system; regulates and promotes the normal action of the organs, gives vigorous appetite and digestion, and is infallible in Prostration—following Fevers, Anemia, Scrofula, Influenza, Wasting Diseases, Throat and Lung Troubles, etc. Dr. W. A. Young, of Canada, says: "Your tasteless preparation of cod liver oil has given me uniformly satisfactory results, my patients having been of all ages." It is a product of the skill and science of to-day and is successful after the old style modes of treatment have been appealed to in vain. To try it is to trust to it forever after. It cannot disappoint you and is effective from the first dose. Sold by chemists everywhere.

THE TRADE MARKS ORDINANCE,  
1898.APPLICATION FOR REGISTRATION OF  
TRADE MARKS.

NOTICE is hereby given that CHUI CHEONG LAN, carrying on business at Victoria in the Colony of Hongkong and elsewhere as Tobacco Manufacturers, have on the 1st day of November, 1905, applied for the registration in Hongkong in the REGISTER OF TRADE MARKS of the following Trade Marks:—

1. The Representation of a Fire Engine with three firemen—two are depicted as standing by and the third is depicted as sitting on the engine. Above which is depicted a scroll on which are printed the words "The Fire Engine."

2. The Representation of a Fairy in a fancy dress, part of a long ribbon attached to her dress is seen displayed in the form of a loop upon which is printed the name of the firm "Chui Cheong Lan." On each corner of the label on the right hand side is one Chinese character.

天仙 reading Tin Sin meaning Heavenly Fairy. On one side of the said representation are the Chinese characters 朱昌蘭公司 reading Chui Cheong Lan Kung Sz meaning Chui Cheong Lan Company.

3. The illustration of a fancy floral design on which is depicted an eight-pointed star in the middle of the design is depicted a coiled dragon inside a fancy circle immediately above the circle is the representation of another small star and on each side is a dragon above the said illustration is the name of the firm "Chui Cheong Lan." On each corner of the label on the right hand side is one Chinese character.

寶星 reading Po Shing meaning Precious Stars. On one side of the said illustration are the Chinese characters 朱昌蘭公司 reading Chui Cheong Lan Kung Sz meaning Chui Cheong Lan Company.

4. The representation of the antlered head of a stag with portion of its neck below which is printed the name of the firm "Chui Cheong Lan." On one side are the Chinese characters 朱昌蘭公司 reading Chui Cheong Lan Kung Sz meaning Chui Cheong Lan Company.

5. The representation of the head, face and neck in profile of a female above which are printed the words "Eliza" below which is printed the name of the firm "Chui Cheong Lan." all the above are enclosed in a floral design. In combination with the above and on the other side of the package in which the cigarettes are packed is a scroll on which are printed the Chinese characters 朱昌蘭公司 reading Chui Cheong Lan Kung Sz meaning Chui Cheong Lan Company.

鹿角 reading Luk Kok meaning Stag Horn.

6. The representation of the head, face and neck in profile of a female above which are printed the words "Eliza" below which is printed the name of the firm "Chui Cheong Lan." all the above are enclosed in a floral design. In combination with the above and on the other side of the package in which the cigarettes are packed is a scroll on which are printed the Chinese characters 朱昌蘭公司 reading Chui Cheong Lan Kung Sz meaning Chui Cheong Lan Company.

7. The representation of the head, face and neck in profile of a female above which are printed the words "Eliza" below which is printed the name of the firm "Chui Cheong Lan." all the above are enclosed in a floral design. In combination with the above and on the other side of the package in which the cigarettes are packed is a scroll on which are printed the Chinese characters 朱昌蘭公司 reading Chui Cheong Lan Kung Sz meaning Chui Cheong Lan Company.

8. The representation of the head, face and neck in profile of a female above which are printed the words "Eliza" below which is printed the name of the firm "Chui Cheong Lan." all the above are enclosed in a floral design. In combination with the above and on the other side of the package in which the cigarettes are packed is a scroll on which are printed the Chinese characters 朱昌蘭公司 reading Chui Cheong Lan Kung Sz meaning Chui Cheong Lan Company.

9. The representation of the head, face and neck in profile of a female above which are printed the words "Eliza" below which is printed the name of the firm "Chui Cheong Lan." all the above are enclosed in a floral design. In combination with the above and on the other side of the package in which the cigarettes are packed is a scroll on which are printed the Chinese characters 朱昌蘭公司 reading Chui Cheong Lan Kung Sz meaning Chui Cheong Lan Company.

10. The representation of the head, face and neck in profile of a female above which are printed the words "Eliza" below which is printed the name of the firm "Chui Cheong Lan." all the above are enclosed in a floral design. In combination with the above and on the other side of the package in which the cigarettes are packed is a scroll on which are printed the Chinese characters 朱昌蘭公司 reading Chui Cheong Lan Kung Sz meaning Chui Cheong Lan Company.

11. The representation of the head, face and neck in profile of a female above which are printed the words "Eliza" below which is printed the name of the firm "Chui Cheong Lan." all the above are enclosed in a floral design. In combination with the above and on the other side of the package in which the cigarettes are packed is a scroll on which are printed the Chinese characters 朱昌蘭公司 reading Chui Cheong Lan Kung Sz meaning Chui Cheong Lan Company.

12. The representation of the head, face and neck in profile of a female above which are printed the words "Eliza" below which is printed the name of the firm "Chui Cheong Lan." all the above are enclosed in a floral design. In combination with the above and on the other side of the package in which the cigarettes are packed is a scroll on which are printed the Chinese characters 朱昌蘭公司 reading Chui Cheong Lan Kung Sz meaning Chui Cheong Lan Company.

## RICE IN JAPAN.

## QUOTATIONS ON 'CHANGE.

From the present month, foreign rice will be placed on the market in the Kobe Rice Exchange, Hyogo. According to rules published by the Exchange, first quality of cleaned or white Rangoon rice will be made the standard of foreign rice, to be delivered at the Exchange on time bargain in January, 1907, and other qualities of foreign rice may be substituted when delivered. The weight of one koku of white or cleaned rice will be 350 kin, and brown or uncleaned rice (Korean rice excepted) will be 330 kin. Other qualities of foreign rice are acceptable as substitutes for the standard rice, with the following reduction in prices:—Yi for Rangoon and Siam white rice; Yi.50 for small Siam and Saigon rice, Yi.50 for Tonkin white rice and Korean brown rice, and Yi.50 for Formosa and Rangoon brown rice. Qualities under these standards are not acceptable. When the quality of rice reported to be delivered is considered different from what it should be, the quality will be appraised by the Exchange. Rice mixed with different qualities is not acceptable. Rice produced in any year can be delivered. Wet bags of rice, not exceeding one-third of the whole quantity, when considered harmless by experts, will be accepted for delivery with proper discount of weight. A consignment with more than one-third of wet bags will not be accepted.—Ex.

## JAPAN'S WAR DEBTS.

## SERIOUS FINANCIAL SITUATION.

The vital influence of the late war in shaping Japan's course is already to be seen on every hand. Whether the power suddenly acquired has been accepted unwillingly by Japan or whether she has accepted it readily are debatable points, says the *Japan Chronicle*, but the most insignificant in the country now recognizes that great debts have been incurred together with the acquisition of increased prestige. Count Okuma, the leader of the Progressist party, in some recent observations on the changes brought about by the war, endeavors to make the people understand this. The total amount of war taxes raised was 136 millions, and he says that although these taxes are only of a temporary nature, the great increase in the national expenditure will not allow the taxes to be discontinued. When the taxes were first imposed, it was promised that they would be repealed shortly after the conclusion of peace, but even the promises of Government cannot always be kept, and much less trustworthy must such promises be in the midst of war. Before peace was agreed upon the Japanese Government had given its bond for over 1,300 million yen of borrowed money, another 400 millions is wanted for this year, requiring a further issue of bonds, and the Japanese nation before another year has passed must be prepared for a total indebtedness of at least 2,000 million yen. This sum represents the price Japan has had to pay for her increased influence and prestige among nations, and it may be questioned whether the acquisition is worth the annual burden of taxation which will amount to some two hundred million yen, representing the payment of interest and principal on the national debt. Count Okuma says it is a foregone conclusion that a radical increase in taxation seriously affects the paying power in a people, and when the rate of interest on money and the price of daily necessities diverges from the normal condition general distress is the result, followed by acute dissatisfaction, which all helps to mould the political position. It may be, says the Progressist leader, a little premature to speculate on future economic conditions, but the present financial position gives cause for serious apprehension: The Empire is still in a state of war, with troops returning daily, and the normal conditions rather upset in consequence. Money is continually flowing into the country from foreign bond-holders and from foreign loans raised by business companies. When this inflow stops the present animation will calm down; the collapse of the money market might follow with serious depression of trade, decreased wages and other evils.

## COMMERCIAL.

## MONEY EXCHANGE.

London—Bank T.T. 2 1/2  
demand 2 1/2  
4 months' sight 2 1/2  
France—Bank T.T. 2 1/2  
demand 2 1/2  
4 months' sight 2 1/2  
India—Bank T.T. 2 1/2  
demand 2 1/2  
4 months' sight 2 1/2  
Singapore—Bank T.T. 2 1/2  
demand 2 1/2  
4 months' sight 2 1/2  
Suez—Bank T.T. 2 1/2  
demand 2 1/2  
4 months' sight 2 1/2  
Aden—Bank T.T. 2 1/2  
demand 2 1/2  
4 months' sight 2 1/2  
Bombay—Bank T.T. 2 1/2  
demand 2 1/2  
4 months' sight 2 1/2  
Calcutta—Bank T.T. 2 1/2  
demand 2 1/2  
4 months' sight 2 1/2  
Rangoon—Bank T.T. 2 1/2  
demand 2 1/2  
4 months' sight 2 1/2  
Yokohama—Bank T.T. 2 1/2  
demand 2 1/2  
4 months' sight 2 1/2  
Manila—Bank T.T. 2 1/2  
demand 2 1/2  
4 months' sight 2 1/2  
Cebu—Bank T.T. 2 1/2  
demand 2 1/2  
4 months' sight 2 1/2  
Batavia—Bank T.T. 2 1/2  
demand 2 1/2  
4 months' sight 2 1/2  
Sourabaya—Bank T.T. 2 1/2  
demand 2 1/2  
4 months' sight 2 1/2  
Semarang—Bank T.T. 2 1/2  
demand 2 1/2  
4 months' sight 2 1/2  
Medan—Bank T.T. 2 1/2  
demand 2 1/2  
4 months' sight 2 1/2  
Singapore—Bank T.T. 2 1/2  
demand 2 1/2  
4 months' sight 2 1/2  
Suez—Bank T.T. 2 1/2  
demand 2 1/2  
4 months' sight 2 1/2  
Aden—Bank T.T. 2 1/2  
demand 2 1/2  
4 months' sight 2 1/2  
Bombay—Bank T.T. 2 1/2  
demand 2 1/2  
4 months' sight 2 1/2  
Calcutta—Bank T.T. 2 1/2  
demand 2 1/2  
4 months' sight 2 1/2  
Rangoon—Bank T.T. 2 1/2  
demand 2 1/2  
4 months' sight 2 1/2  
Yokohama—Bank T.T. 2 1/2  
demand 2 1/2  
4 months' sight 2 1/2  
Manila—Bank T.T. 2 1/2  
demand 2 1/2  
4 months' sight 2 1/2  
Cebu—Bank T.T. 2 1/2  
demand 2 1/2  
4 months' sight 2 1/2  
Batavia—Bank T.T. 2 1/2  
demand 2 1/2  
4 months' sight 2 1/2  
Sourabaya—Bank T.T. 2 1/2  
demand 2 1/2  
4 months' sight 2 1/2  
Semarang—Bank T.T. 2 1/2  
demand 2 1/2  
4 months' sight 2 1/2  
Medan—Bank T.T. 2 1/2  
demand 2 1/2  
4 months' sight 2 1/2

## Auctions.

## PUBLIC AUCTION.

BY ORDER OF THE MORTGAGEE,  
of  
VALUABLE LEASEHOLD  
PROPERTY,  
situate in Caine Road, Victoria, in the Colony  
of Hongkong,  
IN TWO LOTS,  
BY  
Mr. GEO. P. LAMMERT,  
Auctioneer,  
ON  
SATURDAY,  
the 20th day of January, 1906, at 12 o'clock  
Noon, at his Sales Rooms, Duddell Street.

LOT 1.—Registered in the Land Office as  
SECTION B OF INLAND LOT No. 522  
with the Messuage and Buildings thereon  
known as No. 73, Caine Road, Annual  
Crown Rent \$5.70.  
LOT 2.—Registered in the Land Office as  
SECTION C OF INLAND LOT No. 522  
with the Messuage and Buildings thereon  
known as No. 70, Caine Road, Annual  
Crown Rent \$5.65.  
For further particulars, apply to—  
EWENS, HARSTON & HARDING,  
Vendor's Solicitors.

Mr. GEO. P. LAMMERT,  
Auctioneer,  
Hongkong, 11th January, 1906. [116]

## PUBLIC AUCTION.

THE Undersigned have received instructions  
to sell by  
PUBLIC AUCTION,  
FOR ACCOUNT OF THE CONCERNED,  
on  
SATURDAY,  
the 20th January, 1906, at 2.30 P.M., at their  
Sales Rooms, No. 8, Des Vaux Road,  
corner of Ice House Street,  
A LARGE ASSORTMENT OF  
JAPANESE CURIOS,  
Comprising—  
OLD SATSUMA VASES, INCENSE  
BURNERS, WALL PLATES, GOLD AND  
SILVER CLOISONNE WARE, TEA SETS,  
LACQUERED WARE, SILK EMBROID-  
ERIES, OLD BRONZES, WALL HANG-  
INGS, KAKEMONOS, IVORY ORNA-  
MENTS, &c., &c.  
Catalogues will be issued.  
TERMS—As usual.

HUGHES & HOUGH,  
Auctioneers.  
Hongkong, 16th January, 1906. [120]

## GOVERNMENT NOTIFICATION.

PARTICULARS AND CONDITIONS of  
the letting by Public Auction Sale, to  
be held on MONDAY, the 22nd day of January,  
1906, at 2 P.M., at the Office of the Public  
Works Department, by Order of His Excellency  
the Governor, of One Lot of CROWN LAND  
at Austin Road, Kowloon, in the Colony of  
Hongkong, for a term of 75 years, with the  
option of renewal at a CROWN RENT to  
be fixed by the Surveyor of His Majesty the  
KING, for one further term of 75 years.

## PARTICULARS OF THE LOT.

No. of Sale	Regulatory No.	Locality	Boundary Measurements.	Contents in Square feet.	Annual Rent.	Upset Price.
1	100	At Austin Road, Kowloon.	N. 150 ft. S.E. 100 ft. S.W. 100 ft. W. 100 ft.	10,000	10	\$100

Hongkong, 13th January, 1906. [120]

## GOVERNMENT NOTIFICATION.

PARTICULARS AND CONDITIONS of  
the letting by Public Auction Sale, to  
be held on MONDAY, the 22nd day of January,  
1906, at 3 P.M., at the Office of the Public  
Works Department, by Order of His Excellency  
the Governor, of One Lot of CROWN LAND  
adjoining Inland Lot 1711, Bowen Road, in the  
Colony of Hongkong, for a term of 75 years,  
commencing from 18th day of January, 1904,  
with the option of renewal at a CROWN  
RENT to be fixed by the Surveyor of His  
Majesty the KING, for one further term of 75  
years.

## PARTICULARS OF THE LOT.

No. of Sale	Regulatory No.	Locality	Boundary Measurements.	Contents in Square feet.	Annual Rent.	Upset Price.
2	101	At Bowen Road, Kowloon.	N. 100 ft. S.E. 100 ft. S.W. 100 ft. W. 100 ft.	10,000	10	\$100

Hongkong, 13th January, 1906. [121]

## A WONDERFUL DISCOVERY.

This is a story of research and experiment, which  
has attracted the attention of the scientific  
community and has produced a new era in  
the history of medicine. It is a story of  
discovery, of the discovery of a new  
remedy for the cure of the most  
common and most dangerous of diseases,  
the disease of the lungs, the disease of  
the chest, the disease of the throat,  
the disease of the voice, the disease of  
the hearing, the disease of the sight,  
the disease of the taste, the disease of  
the smell, the disease of the touch,  
the disease of the feeling, the disease of  
the thought, the disease of the will,  
the disease of the soul, the disease of  
the body, the disease of the mind,  
the disease of the heart, the disease of  
the liver, the disease of the stomach,  
the disease of the intestines, the disease  
of the bladder, the disease of the  
uterus, the disease of the ovaries, the  
disease of the testes, the disease of the  
prostate, the disease of the penis, the  
disease of the vagina, the disease of the  
cervix, the disease of the uterus, the  
disease of the ovaries, the disease of the  
testes, the disease of the prostate, the  
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vagina, the disease of the cervix, the  
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## Intimations.



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Hongkong, 28th October, 1905.

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THE BEST!

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19, QUEEN'S ROAD CENTRAL.

Hongkong, 15th June, 1905.

## NOTICE.

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The Editor will not undertake to be responsible for any rejected MS., nor to return any Contribution.

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## The Hongkong Telegraph

HONGKONG, THURSDAY, JANUARY 18, 1906.

## SIGNS OF THE TIMES.

If we may judge from the reports of cases at the Magistracy lately, the approach of the Chinese New Year has not been marked by that outbreak of crime which was formerly considered to be an essential feature of the season. At one time, it was customary to issue warnings to householders to beware of the ubiquitous house-servant, who had an irritating habit of working laboriously for a few months prior to the New Year, and then disappearing—accompanied by several articles which could be readily converted into cash—at the festive period. It was seldom believed that the servants were actuated by any special feeling of regard for their employers in assuming ownership of unconsidered trifles, or that these articles were purloined to be retained as souvenirs of an honourable servitude. The general impression was that the servants, being without funds and feeling the necessity of celebrating the New Year in orthodox style, had unwarrantably claimed the goods as personal perquisites, which could be hypothecated at the nearest pawnbroker's establishment. It therefore behoved the cautious householder to invest in a variety of patent locks, and to chain up all moveables, just as the priests of old chained up the massive family Bibles in church. Whether it is that the criminal classes in Hongkong are being routed out, or that the vigilance of the police is particularly keen at this period of the year, the fact remains that the annual recrudescence of crime has to a great extent disappeared. Naturally the rogue and vagabond, like the poor, will probably always be with us, but their depredations are not to be feared as they were in the "good old times." Only a few years ago, the Chinese servant absolutely refused to work during the Chinese New Year, and, no matter how he managed to collect a sufficiency of capital, he succeeded in enjoying himself, returning after an interval to his work in a most penitent frame of mind, and willing to "eat shame," as the Indians have it. The absence from the magisterial roll of petty thefts which could be traced directly to the influence which the Chinese New Year bears on the mass of the people, is a most satisfactory sign of the times. It is far better to believe that this decrease, as compared with former years, is due to the higher morality of the people, the conditions under which they live; and the advance of practical as distinguished from school education, than to suggest that the efficiency of the police system accounts for the few lapses from virtue that are recorded. Of course, the police system is very effective, and frequently the detectives accomplish feats which would in other countries be blazoned forth to a delighted world, although here they are passed by as of no moment. But even the police system would be sorely taxed if all the knaves and rascals in the community broke out simultaneously at New Year time, and helped themselves to articles which would ensure their spending a pleasant season. Consequently, we take it that the real reason for the decrease in minor crimes is to be attributed to the higher standard of living, flavoured with a soupçon of that wholesome fear of the police, which proves the great safeguard of the honest and upright resident from the attentions of the habitual thief. Again, it used to be a common saying that the Fire Brigade was never half so busy as it was during the few weeks preceding the Chinese New Year. It is questionable if there have been half a dozen fires in Hongkong within the past three months, and there certainly has not been one of any importance. Everything goes to prove that the Chinese of the lower class, those who live to a great extent from hand to mouth, are abandoning their old habits—if they ever were habits—of breaking loose at the rising of the new moon, and that hardened malefactors are being exterminated, which is a consummation devoutly to be

## LOCAL AND GENERAL.

THE French Minister has had his farewell audience of the Cerean Emperor.

GENERAL OKU and his staff, including Major Prince Nashimoto, arrived at Tokio on the 12th inst. and were immediately driven to the Palace.

THE Chinese Government formally notified the Foreign Ministers of the opening to foreign trade of the three cities of Chinnafu, Weihien, and Cholutsun, in Shantung, on the 10th inst.

DURING the year 1905, Cardiff coal to the amount of 306,280 tons arrived in this Colony, most of which was intended for the north, and a considerable portion of which found its way into Japanese possession during the late war.

THE str. *W. C. de Vries*, which arrived at Shanghai from River ports on the 11th inst., reports the str. *Mellus* ashore at the N. E. Crossing, and the *Tachi Maru* ashore at Hen Point. The *Tajima Maru* was in attendance on the latter vessel.

ACCORDING to the *Yellow Dragon*, it appears that owing to a breakdown in the machinery of a steamer, the College prize books will arrive after the day of the prize distribution. Winners will receive a card with the title of the book which they can afterwards claim.

A PEKING telegram to the *N. Y. K. News*, of 11th inst., says:—Regarding the Shanghai riot, Great Britain intends to demand an indemnity, but the Waiwup strongly maintains that the Consular Body should be blamed, and it is believed that it will firmly oppose the British claim, when and if it is made.

IT is announced that the N. Y. K. has made arrangements to resume its European service with the *Yas Maru* on Jan. 30. It is understood that the Company intends to increase the number of vessels on the European line to twelve by next September, by which time a steamer will be despatched fortnightly, as before the war.

VICERON Ts'en of Canton has informed the Waiwup, by telegraph, that the two American gunboats have been withdrawn, and that the military authorities of Taingyuan District have been instructed to increase the number of troops stationed at Lien-chau with the view of preventing trouble during the reconstruction of the American church in that city.—*Shanghai Times*.

MARQUIS Ito, Resident-General of Korea, has been appointed a Privy Councillor of Japan. It is stated that Marquis Ito has been specially given a seat in the Privy Council by the Emperor, who desires to avail himself of the statesman's advice from time to time. After the ceremony of appointment, Marquis Ito waited upon his Majesty and was in audience several hours.

A SERIES of lectures to ladies on "Home Nursing" will be given by Dr. W. V. M. Koch, in St. Paul's College on Fridays, at 5 p.m. The first lecture had been arranged for Friday, 16th January, but as this date will be a public holiday, it has been postponed to Monday, 29th January; succeeding lectures will be on Fridays. An attendance fee of \$2 will be charged for the purpose of defraying incidental expenses.

H. E. SIR Matthew Nathan will distribute the prizes to the successful pupils in the Government District Schools to-morrow at 11.30 a.m. The distribution will take place in new Yaumati School (near the Police Station). This school has been recently erected and completed in fulfilment of a promise made some three years ago by the Government of Hongkong to Mr. Ho Tung, when he generously handed over to the Government the building in Robinson Road, Kowloon, now being used as a British School.

A HOUSEBOY, formerly in the employ of Mr. E. H. Summers, of Kowloon, was charged before Mr. C. A. D. Melbourne this morning, at the instance of Inspector Langley, with stealing a silver watch and chain valued at \$55, the property of his master. The charge was admitted, and the "boy" was convicted and sentenced to three weeks' hard labour. His Worship remarked on the behaviour of the pawnbroker on receiving the watch into pawn for \$2.50, while the watch was worth more, and it also bore an initial on the cover. The pawnbroker was warned as to his conduct in the future.

A CHINAMAN received such a thrashing from two herdsmen at Sham-shui-po yesterday, that he had to be immediately removed to the hospital. The victim is at present hardly recognisable by his clansmen, owing to the disfigurement of his face, while his assailants are under lock and key. It appears that late yesterday afternoon the victim went to a house occupied by the two herdsmen, to recover a small debt. The herdsmen refused to pay, and, after an argument, the "herdsmen," it is alleged, bound the collector, and violently assaulted him with bamboo poles. The men were brought before Mr. Melbourne this morning, but owing to the unfortunate man not being able to leave the hospital, the case was adjourned. Bail \$100 each.

THE *Yellow Dragon* for January is a bright and interesting number. If it errs at all, it is in the diversity of the subjects treated and the lack of local scholastic news. The subjects range from "Kwan Ti and the Axe-shadows," and the "So-called Domestic Cat" to "Eccentricities of Marriage" and "Curiosities of Nomenclature." The football and school notes are very meagre. There is always a danger of magazines such as the *Yellow Dragon* developing into a sort of local *Tit-bit*, and the editorial department would be well advised if it gave more attention to the multitude of subjects relating to Hongkong schools, and left clippings and odd snatches of time-worn jokes to the special class of periodicals which fatten on such unprofitable fare.

## BELLIOS PUBLIC SCHOOL FOR GIRLS.

## MRS. BATEMAN'S LAST ANNUAL REPORT.

## THE SCHOOL AS A MATRIMONIAL AGENCY.

Quite a galaxy of youthful Chinese charymers greeted His Excellency Sir Matthew Nathan this forenoon at the distribution of prizes to the girls of Bellios Public School. Attired in their national costumes, and looking bright and happy, they gave an air of colour and pleasure to the scene which is too often absent from these functions. Of course, there are girls of European parentage attending the school, and they also were in their gayest holiday dress, but the eyes were caught by the Chinese robes, and the demurely joyous expression of the Chinese maidens. There was a very large attendance at the ceremony of distributing the prizes, and, indeed, many had to stand throughout the proceedings. His Excellency was accompanied by Mr. R. A. B. Ponsonby, private secretary, Messrs. E. A. Irving, Inspector of Schools; W. D. Braidwood, headmaster, Ellis Kadonzie School; G. H. Piercy, Diocesan School for Boys; Mr. Chapman and many others. A short programme, comprising musical drill, recitations and dialogues, was submitted, after which the annual report was read. Mr. E. A. Irving, on behalf of Mrs. Bateman, the headmistress, read the annual report which was as follows: I have the honour to submit to you the fifteenth annual report of this school.

## A RETROSPECT.

As this will be my last report a short resumé of the work of the 15 years during which the school has been in existence may not be out of place. The school was originally started by Dr. Eitel, H. M. I., whose object was the education of Chinese and Eurasian children. The school was first located in a private house in Hollywood Road; Miss Mann, a certificated teacher from England, took charge of the school in March, 1890, and began her work with 20 girls. Miss Mann left in August of the same year to be married. She was succeeded by Miss Ward, also a certificated teacher from England. She, following the example of her predecessor, left the following August to be married; and Dr. Eitel (to quote his own words) "refused any longer to conduct such a matrimonial agency," and asked me to undertake the duties of Head Mistress. Hence my appointment, which dates from September, 1891, when the number on the roll was 70. In 1892 these had increased to 95, when it became necessary to seek greater accommodation. It was then that the Hon. Mr. E. R. Bellios (whose death we have so lately mourned) came forward with his generous offer to provide a building, if the Government would give the ground. This offer was accepted by the Government, who gave the ground upon which the Central School for Boys previously stood. This building, perhaps the most spacious and airy school in the Colony, was given fully furnished with desks, black-boards, easels, and every requisite necessary to the carrying on of school routine. It was opened in December, 1893, by His Excellency the Governor Sir William Robinson. The change was a most welcome one to teacher and children, but in the spring of the following year our bright prospects were darkened by that first and terrible visitation of plague in the Colony. During the months of June and July our school was literally decimated of children. The teachers came daily to find only empty desks—the average for the month of June being 5 out of 95. This continued until the school closed on July 21st for the midsummer holidays. We, however, started again in September with 60 children in attendance, and from then the numbers steadily increased till in 1898 it reached its maximum of 185. The school was then at its zenith, and was the school for English girls in the Colony. In 1901 another serious outbreak of plague occurred, and, in consequence, the attendance was again very low. In July the number present in all was 103. In September of that year the fees were raised from 50 cents to \$1.50. This was afterwards modified in the cases of more than one child from a family attending the school. Other schools were opened in the Colony—the Diocesan Girls' School, where girls could be boarders—a thing often desired by Eurasians. Then the Kowloon British School was opened, and all British children were expected to attend it. Still later a school for Indian boys was started, and all Indian boys attending our school were drafted to it; as were Chinese boys to the District Schools, which still further seriously lessened our numbers. In 1903 the numbers rose a little; the average attendance in February being 116. In 1904 the average was 113, and in 1905, 92.8.

## THE STAFF.

The staff has varied of course with the years. In 1893 Mrs. Titcher, a trained home teacher, was appointed, who took over the infant department. Later, in 1901, H. E. the Governor approved of the appointment of a second thoroughly trained teacher, and in September Miss Bateman entered on her duties. This, with two pupil teachers, completes the staff. GROWTH OF EDUCATIONAL REQUIREMENTS. As I have previously stated, the school was started with the idea of giving an English education to Chinese and Eurasian girls; but, as time went on, more and more English girls entered, taking advantage of the education given, which is the same as that given in a high school at home; where girls are prepared for the Oxford Local Examinations. In 1898, two girls at their own request were prepared for the Oxford Local Exam. both of whom passed, and one—Ethel Long—gained distinction in English History, heading the list of all the candidates. At the present time, she and several

other girls, who have received their education in this school, are now occupying important positions in some of the influential firms of the Colony. In December, 1903, I was asked to send specimens of the work done in the school to the St. Louis Exposition. Specimens of maps and Chinese embroidery were sent. Early last year I received the information from the secretary in Shanghai that a certificate and medal had been awarded for the embroidery; but neither has arrived yet. An examination for the Bellios Trust Fund was held in April; 5 of our girls entered and 4—Ella Hyndman, Esther Noma, Annie Lesbirel, and Martha Peterson—gained prizes.

## THE FOUNDER'S IDEA.

But, as I have shown, in discussing the attendances, various causes were at work lessening the numbers, and now the school seems to be reverting to its founder's idea—the education of Chinese girls; there being a flourishing Chinese girls school on the ground floor, where education is given in their language, and classes of increasing numbers of Chinese girls, wishing to learn English, on the top floor. This year the girls in the upper classes have been greatly interested in the study of hygiene, which has been promoted by His Excellency the Governor Sir Matthew Nathan, to which he gave great stimulation by the giving of valuable prizes. This subject is undoubtedly a most important one in helping to maintain the health of the Colony. The school was examined by H. M. I. in November, and we hope his report will be a favourable one.

## THE SCHOOL LIBRARY.

To inculcate a love of reading among the girls and to help their education, a school library was started in 1896, with 80 books. To maintain the supply of books, the Government generously gave an annual grant to it. The books now number 500 odd volumes. It is largely patronised by the girls attending the school, and also by former pupils. It must, in the case of those whose own language is not English, help them to acquire a better command of English.

## PROGRESS OF THE SCHOOL.

In reviewing the progress of the school, and the difficulties it has had to contend with, the present numbers—which are greater than they were in 1895—prove that the school continues to meet the wants of a considerable section of the community, who would otherwise be uprooted with an education, and who, by their regular attendance, show their appreciation of the education they receive. During the past year, 29 received certificates for regular attendance, 11 of whom were not once absent; the remainder were within the full number by about one or two days. This also speaks well for the health of the Colony. In conclusion, I have only to add my earnest wish that the school may continue to prosper under its new régime, and I hope my successor may experience as great pleasure in carrying on the good work for which it was intended, as I have done. (Loud applause).

## ADDRESS OF WELCOME FROM THE CHINESE GIRLS.

Miss Hung Mei Tsz then delivered an address of welcome, in Chinese, to His Excellency. The following is a translation of the address, which was delivered with much naïveté and charm:—

Your Excellency—As this day is the finish of our year's school work, we sincerely thank your Excellency for honouring us with your presence, and also heartily thank you for presenting these prizes, which, more than the prizes, will be a great incentive to our studies during the ensuing year. I deem it a great honour that I should be selected from so many to express to your Excellency the thanks which every pupil in the Chinese girls' department feels. We also wish to express our gratitude to the English Government, that we, who are not English, are given the privilege of an education. While our own nation has neglected its weaker sex in this respect, the English Government is changing our position as the mouldier changes the shape of the iron; and is teaching us brighter and better ways of the rest of the world. To us it is the dawning of a great future. And, to be honoured by one so great, flatters us in the extreme, and also teaches us that here "Merit is rewarded," and invigorates us to harder labours. Once more, on behalf of the pupils of the Chinese girls' department, allow me to express our heartiest thanks. (Loud applause).

## THE PRIZE LIST.

The prize list is as follows:—English Division:—1st Class—Ella Hyndman, Esther Noma and Ida Noma.

2nd Class—Ah Ching, Edith Mow Fung, and Rachael Levi and Grace Abong equal.

3rd Class—Agnes Lee, Mary Lindbloom and Dolly Yuk Chi.

4th Class—Flora Rosario, Nellie Kay and Rose Abong.

5th Class—Mabel Mooney, Lily Levi and May Lesbirel.

Infants—Willie Woolley, Thomas Anderson and George Course.

Needlework:—1st Class, Ella Hyndman; 2nd Lily Yuk Chi; 3rd Dolly Yuk Chi; 4th Flora Rosario; 5th Mabel Mooney.

Writing:—2nd Class, Alice Lee Chooey; 3rd Annie Olsen; 4th Flora Rosario; 5th May Lesbirel.

Recitation:—1st Class, Ella Hyndman and Esther Noma equal; 3rd Agnes Lee; 5th Edith Macleod.

Map Drawing:—1st Class, Ida Noma; 2nd Lily Yuk Chi.

Drill:—Senior Mary Lindbloom; Junior Nellie Kay.

Hygiene:—1st Ella Hyndman and Esther Noma equal; 2nd Rachael Levi; 3rd Flora Rosario.

Full attendances:—Ella Hyndman, Ida Noma, Esther Noma, Marian Alaraka, Ah Ching, Edith Mow Fung, Annie Olsen, Lo Lai Wah, Zabara Alaraka, Li King Ngo, and Li King Yung.

Within ten of full attendances:—Ivy Lee Chooey, Rachael Levi, Lily Rose, Agnes Lee, Mary Lindbloom, Dolly Yuk Chi, Grace

Abong, Rose Abong, Nellie Kay, Mabel Mooney, Willie Woolley, Clara Lee, Leung A Lin, Ng Ut Sam, Lily Lok, Chan Wei Cheung, Rodney Lee Chooey, and Sisie Johanson. Scholarships:—Ah Ching, Agnes Lee, Chan Fung Wa, Fung Fung Lin, and Ng Ut Sam. Anglo-Chinese Division:—IV Class: 1 Li King Ngo, 2 Li Oi Ying, 3 Lo Kwan Ying.

III Class:—1 Kwan Yun Yau, 2 Chau Wei Cheung, 3 Rodney Lee Chooey.

II Class:—1 Chau Fung Wa, 2 Lily Ho, 3 Jane Wilson.

I Class:—1 Wong King Sin, 2 Ko Tui Lan, 3 Chan A Yuk.

I Class:—1 Wan Ying Shing, 2 Lo A Cheung, 3 Lum Willie.

Knitting:—Lily Lok, U A Kau, Chinese Embroidery:—III, Kwan Yun Yau; II, Chan Pik Mei; I, Ng Ngai Sin.

Recitation:—Wei Cheung, Chinese Division:—7th Standard, 1 Hong Miu Tsz, 2 Wan Kwai Ching, 3 Chau Yiu King.

6th Standard, 1 Tai Yau, 2 Chan Tai So, 3 Tong Long Chai.

5th Standard, 1 To Pui Fong, 2 Chau Kwai Mui, 3 Wong King Sau.

4th Standard, 1 Ng Kan Yau, 2 Chau Mei, 3 O Sui Sum.

3rd Standard, 1 Chit Mui, 2 Chau Tui Ping, 3 Li Fuk Nam.

2nd Standard, 1 Tsang Fung Shim, 2 Yung Kau, 3 Tsang Lai Lan.

1st Standard, 1 Ho Kai, 2 Wan Wai Chang, 3 Tong Tsang Sum.

Embroidery:—Standard 7, Wan Kwai Ching; 6, Lei Chun Tai; 5, Chan So; 4, Wong Kwai; 3, Lei Sam; 2, Yeung Kan; 1, Ho Kai.

THE GOVERNOR'S ADDRESS.

HAPPY SPEECH TO THE GIRLS.

His Excellency the Governor said—I confess that I was myself among those who did not understand the words of that address, but I had previously seen a translation of it. The words were nicely selected and very prettily spoken—(applause). This is the only school among those at which I have presented or am to present the prizes in which there has been a falling off in the average attendance in the year 1905. But after hearing Mrs. Bateman's explanation of the reasons for the decrease, I do not think it is entirely to be regretted. New educational institutions have arisen, which supply the special needs of certain classes of girls, both in religious and in some subjects of secular education, in a way which it was not possible for the Bellios School to do, and that school has reverted to the intention of its original founder—the education of Chinese girls. I see no reason why it should not, devoted to that purpose, have a great future before it. Mrs. Bateman, in her report, quoted the somewhat caustic remark made by Dr. Eitel in the early days of the school, in which it was referred to as a matrimonial agency—(laughter). Well, I should like to see it become such an agency—(laughter)—not for the teachers but for the girls—(renewed laughter)—in the sense of giving them a training which will make them good wives in the future—(applause). This means, in the case of the Chinese girls, some instruction in Western knowledge, as the Chinese young men to-day are rapidly acquiring Western ideas, and a liking for that knowledge. The report of the Inspector of Schools—which has not been read this morning, but which I have seen—is a favourable one, especially with regard to the Senior English and Anglo-Chinese and the vernacular schools. There are various small points which he criticises. One, I remember, was that in needlework the upper school girls did not use thimbles—(laughter). Personally, I think if I did needlework, I should find a thimble very embarrassing—(laughter)—but the Inspector of Schools says you ought to use thimbles, so you ought to use them—(renewed laughter). Mr. Irving claims that the girls don't speak sufficiently loudly. Well, I am not sure I am entirely with him there. As long as they speak distinctly it is hardly necessary for girls to speak loudly. There is one remark of his with regard to the lower school to which I think particular attention should be paid, and that is there should be more practice in English composition. It is with great satisfaction that I have heard that the teaching of hygiene in the school, both in the English and Anglo-Chinese vernacular branches, has met with such success. I thank Mrs. Bateman and the headmaster for the attention they have given to this subject in which, as they know, I am so much interested. I have, also, on this occasion to thank, on behalf of the Government of Hongkong, Mrs. Bateman, for the valuable service, now extending over nearly 15 years, which she has rendered to this Colony as headmistress of the Bellios School—(loud applause). I was hearing, and I must say I am expressing the wish of her friends and pupils that she may have many happy years of retirement—(applause). I hope she will continue to take an interest in Hongkong, and that we shall be able to let her hear, from time to time, that the wish for the future prosperity of the school is being realised—(applause). All that now remains for me is to present to the girls most proficient in her English studies the special prize—(loud applause).

Miss Ella Hyndman received the Governor's special prize.

The pupils sang the National Anthem, and the proceedings then ended.

DONORS OF PRIZES.

The following is the list of donors to the prize fund:—The Hon. Sir Paul Chater, C.M.G. (the Hon. Mr. R. Shaw), the Hon. Mr. C. W. Dickson, the Hon. Mr. Gershom Stewart, the Hon. Dr. Ho Kai, C.M.G., Messrs. J. R. M. Smith, E. W. Mitchell, W. Wilson, Hughes and Hough, W. G. Humphreys, H. Humphreys, Ho Tung, Ho Fook, Fung Wa Chuen, A. Forbes, Victor Jackson, J. Wheeler, Duncan Clark, Kelly and Walsh, Lock Hing, C. M. Bain, Tak Cheong, Chan Pat, Dr. Kim, Capt. Goddard, E. A. Shellim.

SHIPPING AND MAILS.

German (*Prinzess*) 19th inst.

Indian (*Kanung*) 23rd inst.

Australian (*Zealand*) 3rd prox.

The I. C. S. N. Co's S.S. *Kunming* from Calcutta and the Straits left Singapore for this port on 16th inst. at 5 p.m.

The C. P. R. Co's S.S. *Empress of China* arrived at Kobe at 6.30 p.m. on 16th inst., and left again at noon, Wednesday, for Yokohama, where she is due to arrive at noon, on 18th inst.



## TELEGRAMS.

[Reuter's.]

## The Elections.

LONDON, 16th January.

Returns to date give 99 Liberals, 14 Labour, and 29 Unionists. Ministerial gains 50, Labour 11. In Bristol (South), Davies, the Liberal candidate, was returned by 1,964 to Long's 5,272.

Later.

The Unionists apprehend a loss of two seats in Birmingham, and a substantial reduction of Mr. Chamberlain's majority.

## "Gilt-edged-Incompetents."

London, 6th January.

The Unionist papers take great exception to the violence of Mr. John Burns' election address. The address denounces the "bunders, waste, and dishonesty of the late Government," which "registered the decrees of sordid capitalists and irresponsible counsels of the public service."

There must not be an easy retreat for these "gilt-edged incompetents."—*Strait Times*.

## The Morocco Conference.

The Morocco conference will open to-day. The press regards prospects optimistically.

## Home Rule.

The *Times* says that a new Irish organisation will spring up, uncompromisingly opposed to Mr. Redmond's Parliamentary policy, which will proclaim a boycott of British imports, a prohibition to enlistment in the army or navy, and will discourage the use of the English language.

## Japanese Commerce.

The Japanese Minister in Santiago is devoting his attention to the exchange of Japanese manufactures for Chilean saltpetre.

## Hamburg-America Line.

THE NILE NAVIGATION.

London, 6th January.

The Hamburg American Line has concluded an agreement with the Anglo-American Company which runs a line of steamers on the Nile.

Under the agreement, the capital of the latter Company will be increased.

The Company will henceforth be known as the Hamburg and Anglo-American Nile Company.

The Hamburg-American line takes up the new capital, and will build a number of luxurious Nile steamers.—*Strait Times*.

[N. C. D. News.]

## China Looking to Her Sovereignty.

Peking, 10th January.

The Military Governor of Heilungkiang has telegraphed to the Peking authorities that Russia has worked five gold and several other mines in that province, taking advantage of the late war, and that these mines should be returned to China in the Sino-Russian negotiations.

Parurukusan (?) in Hi province was leased to the Russians for ten years, which term has now expired. The Russians still maintain their troops there, however, and the Chinese Government has accordingly demanded that they shall evacuate.

## EXTRADITION CASE.

INSURANCE COMPRAHORE CHARGED WITH EMBEZZLEMENT.

At the Police Court this morning, before Mr. C. A. D. Melbourne, Ng Ting Fung alias Ng Chung Kai, formerly in the employ of the New York Life Insurance Company, at Canton, was brought up on remand on a charge of embezzling the sum of \$145.70, the property of the Company in the month of April last, within the jurisdiction of China.

Mr. H. J. Hursthouse appeared for the prosecution and Mr. E. J. Crist, of Messrs. Wilkinsons and Crist, for the defendant.

Ho Ying Chew, trader at Kwei-chow, Sun-tai district, said he recognised the defendant. Witness applied for an insurance policy on his own life. He applied also for two other policies for his son and young brother. The policy of his brother's life was granted, but witness's policy was refused and the money returned. Witness never received his son's policy. Witness paid \$30 as bargain-money, in respect of his son's policy, and the balance—\$146 odd—was subsequently paid. This money was paid through the Kwong Loong firm. The defendant asked witness to pay bargain money. No policy was issued on his son's life. On the 15th instant the New York Life Insurance Company returned witness \$145.70 which he paid to the Kwong Loong firm for his son's policy. He first became aware of the fact that no policy was going to be issued to his son, when his brother's policy arrived. A man named Ku came to Kwei-chow to inquire into the case, and he informed witness that his son's policy was not granted.

The case was adjourned.

## ASSOCIATION FOOTBALL.

H.K. CLUB "A" v. WEST KENTS "A."

This match was held on the Hongkong Football Club Ground, at Happy Valley, yesterday afternoon, between the "A" teams of the above-mentioned clubs. Immediately after the kick-off, the soldiers invaded the club territory and opened hostilities. The club backs were weak, and the kicking of Seth faulty. The half-back line managed to get the ball out, but the West Kents returned, and Falkner, receiving a pass, netted. At half-time the soldiers stood one up. The soldiers had the best of the second half. Nash scored the second goal. Finals: West Kents 2; Club 0. Cpl. Barney, of the West Kents, was the referee.

## CRIMINAL SESSIONS.

ARMED ROBBERY.

A HOPEFUL PRISONER.

The first Criminal Sessions of the year were held this morning, at the Supreme Court, His Honour, Mr. A. G. Wise, Puisne Judge, presiding. The first case called was that of Ho Fuk, who was charged with committing an armed robbery in the harbour, together with two others not in custody, Sir Henry Berkeley, Attorney General, prosecuted, and briefly stated the facts, which have already been recorded in these columns. The prisoner pleaded guilty, and said, if His Lordship would let him go, he would go and point out the other two men.

His Lordship:—I wonder if he would come back himself.

Mr. J. Hanson, Chief Inspector of Detectives, stated that the prisoner had already pointed out two men as his accomplices, but on investigation the men were found to be entirely innocent, and knew nothing of the prisoner.

His Lordship sentenced the man to five years' hard labour, and to receive 24 strokes of the birch as soon as convenient.

ANOTHER ARMED ROBBERY.

Lam Ting Q Yau and Lam Yau were next indicted on the charge of committing armed robbery, and with receiving stolen property in the waters of the Colony, on December 1st, 1905. The Attorney General, Sir Henry Berkeley, prosecuted, and the following juries were empanelled: Robert Mitchell, (Foreman), Patrick C. Hutton Potts, Philip R. Wolff, Theodore Braun, Ludwig M. H. Boissiere, Franz D. Zehmann, and John Buchan.

The name of Mr. G. H. May was called, but as he did not answer thereto, His Honour ordered a notice to issue instructing him to appear before His Honour at 10 a.m. to-morrow morning, to explain his absence from the Court when his name was called.

The Attorney General said that the two prisoners were charged with committing an armed robbery in the waters of the Colony, and with stealing a junkload of fish, which they were found the next day selling in the markets of this Colony.

The complainants are traders living at Ping Hoi, and that was outside the waters of the Colony. On the date in question they left that place with their junk full of fish, and the defendants came alongside about 9 p.m. armed, and boarding the junk they chased the men below, in fear of their lives. They then took the junk into a bay, and stole the fish that was on board, and brought it to Hongkong. The facts that led to their arrest were that the men were selling the fish in a very peculiar manner, not like fishmongers, for they had the fish, not sorted according to the different species, but all mixed up, and they were endeavouring to sell it indiscriminately, by weight. This aroused the suspicions of the fish dealers, and the police were called in.

The junk men were called, and testified to the facts as given in the Attorney General's statement, and stated that they were confined below for 24 hours.

To a jurymen: Yes, we were given food by the thieves; they landed down congee to us while we were below.

At this point Mr. May entered the Court and asked if he might be allowed to speak, when His Honour informed him he would be heard at the conclusion of the sitting.

Other corroborative evidence having been taken, the sergeant-interpreter of No. 7 Police Station testified to receiving the charges over to the prisoners and taking their statements, which were practically denials.

First prisoner to interpreter: Did I make that statement, or is it your own invention?—It is your statement word for word, and you signed it.

First prisoner to the Court interpreter: Now you, interpreter, listen carefully and interpret to His Lordship what I am now going to say, and don't invent anything. This is what I have to say: On the day in question I was in my boat in the harbour when some robbers came on board and one of them asked me for my money, and I said I had no money, so he put a rope round my neck. I then remembered that I had \$24, so I said I don't choke me and I'll give you money. Then a junk came alongside and some men put a lot of fish on my boat, and when I asked who they did that, they put some bags over my head so I could not see what was being done. When the junk moved off they took off the bags and I saw my boat full of fish. The robbers then told me to bring them to Hongkong, and they would return my \$24 if I said nothing about the fish. I am an honest trader, and people ought to sympathise with my case. The second defendant said he would say the same as the first.

His Honour then briefly summed up, reviewing the evidence, when a jurymen asked if any arms had been found in the prisoners' boat, and was informed by Inspector Collett that no arms were found. The foreman announced that the jury were not unanimous on the first count, but were so on the second.

His Honour: I will accept a majority of 5 to 3, but not 4 to 3.

The foreman, after further consultation, said that the jury found unanimously that the first prisoner was guilty of the first charge, but not guilty of the second charge; the second prisoner was not guilty of the first charge, and was guilty on the second charge.

His Honour to prisoners: Have you anything further to say?

First prisoner: It is all a false charge. The interpreter bribed all the prisoners by giving them to cents each to identify me, and that is why they did so.

The second prisoner made the same statement.

The first prisoner was sentenced to five years' hard labour, and to receive 24 strokes of the birch as soon as convenient, and the second to three years' hard labour.

THE ABSENT JURYMEN.

Addressing Mr. May, the missing jurymen, whose name was the first called, but who was now in Court, His Honour asked him why he was not present at 10 o'clock. Mr. May said he was very sorry, but he had overlooked the matter.

His Honour: Well, the difficulty is this; some other gentleman has been forced to sit in your place. However, as you have been sitting in Court I'll say nothing further, but don't do it again. In the meantime you had better apologise to the gentleman who has been forced to be your proxy.

This closed the Criminal Sessions.

## STEAMERS IN COLLISION.

"TAI ON" v. "KWONG TUNG."

The hearing of this case was resumed in Admiralty Jurisdiction this morning. His Honour, Sir Francis Pigott, Chief Justice, presiding.

Mr. M. W. Slade, instructed by Mr. R. Harding, of Messrs. Ewins, Hariton and Harding, appeared for the plaintiff company, and Mr. E. J. Sharp, K.C., instructed by Mr. H. J. Clegg, of Messrs. Johnson, Stokes and Master, for the defendants.

Mr. Sharp, for the defence, addressed the Court, and said the point, at the material time, was which was the overtaking ship. It was common ground that the *Kwong Tung* was, up to 5.30 a.m., the leading, or overtaken, ship, and it was on the *Tai On* coming up that the *Kwong Tung* was obliged, to avoid a collision, to go full speed ahead. The crucial point in this case was how far the *Tai On* reached up to the *Kwong Tung*, and all the witnesses, pilots and sailors, corroborated each other in saying that the *Tai On* never got fully abreast of the *Kwong Tung*.

Mr. Sharp then, briefly reviewed the evidence adduced for the defence, and said it must be remembered that the vessels were not the same length, the *Tai On* being the shorter. The *Tai On*, continued, Mr. Sharp, as the overtaking ship had, under article 24, to keep out of the way of the *Kwong Tung*, until the *Tai On* got clean and clear ahead of the *Kwong Tung*, that is, with her stem well ahead of the *Kwong Tung*'s stem. Counsel then submitted that it was improbable, even inconceivable, for the prosecution to ask the Court to believe that the *Kwong Tung*, being the faster vessel, and intending to keep ahead, would allow the *Tai On* to catch her up, let alone pass her, having due regard to the narrowness of the channels they were approaching. Each side had made the case that the other was the overtaking ship, and neither could now in any way retire from that position, or go back upon it.

Mr. Sharp having concluded his remarks, Mr. Slade addressed the Court and animadverted upon the points of law raised by Mr. Sharp. There was nothing in the circumstances to justify the departure from the regulations by the captain of the *Kwong Tung*, even though, as he said, he feared that the other vessel would disregard them. There was nothing in the evidence to suggest that the *Tai On* was going to disregard them. Mr. Slade then quoted several authorities to show that officers responsible for the navigation of ships at sea must stick to, and observe the regulations laid down for their guidance, the only exceptions being in extraordinary circumstances, or under stress of the most imminent danger, but said that these conditions did not obtain on this occasion. Mr. Slade then submitted that the increase of speed on the part of the *Kwong Tung* was not justified, and that by so increasing her speed she became the overtaking steamer under article No. 21 and ought to have kept out of the way of the *Tai On*.

## TODAY'S TOPICS.

18th January.

Not being a "galloping" morning, to-day's performances on the training track were not of a noteworthy feature. The records taken concern four ponies only, and they are as follows:—

Mody's blk. sub., 1 m. 34.1.05; very good time, indeed.

S. H. Michael's grey (Crichton) up) was raced over a three-quarter mile distance for all he was worth in 36.1.11 3/4, 1.45 4/5; a poor exhibition and rather disappointing.

Grafton went in company with Dorabjee's sub., 1 m. 2. 37.1.10.

EARLY BIRD.

## THE WEATHER.

The following report is from Mr. F. G. Fike, First Assistant of the Hongkong Observatory:—

On the 18th at 12.15 p. The barometer is inclined to fall over China.

Pressure is highest over N. China, and gradients are slight to moderate.

Fresh monsoon is indicated in the Formosa Channel and the N. part of the China Sea.

Forecast:—fresh NE. winds; fair.

A SCOTCH concert is to be given in St. George's Hall on the 27th inst.

THE death is reported of Mr. Khaw Boon Ann, J. P., and head of the Teo-Chew community in Penang and Province Wellesley. He was practically the Rockefeller of Malayan sugar.

Lieut. C. B. Down, R.G.A., has been appointed R. A. representative on the Garrison Recreation Committee, vice Lieut. L. C. Larmour, R.G.A., and will perform the duties of hon. secretary and treasurer.

A WASHINGTON despatch of 13th inst. says: Should the United States be compelled to send troops to China to repress the outbreak that is feared, the war department has decided that Major-General Wood shall go in command.

WILLIAM McEwen, a seaman on board the s.s. *Andromeda*, went into the Criterion Hotel, in Pottinger Street, last night, and ordered a bottle of champagne. The liquor was served, but McEwen did not have the money to pay for it. On being approached by the landlord, he denied drinking the champagne, and ended in assaulting the proprietor. McEwen was arrested, and this morning was fined \$5 for behaving in a disorderly manner, and \$5 for assault. He went to gaol for a fortnight.

## RACE BOOTH.

ALLOTMENT SALES.

At the Happy Valley this afternoon, as is the annual custom, Messrs. Hughes and Hough, Government auctioneers, sold by public auction the lease of several lots numbered 1 to 19 on plan which had previously been on view at the auctioneers' office, for erection of booths and matcheds on Government ground adjoining the Race Course, north of the grand stand enclosure.

There were quite a few bidders present and a little past the hour mentioned for the auction to be held. Mr. Hough remarked that the prohibitory Ordinance relating to gambling was still in force and under that Ordinance the sale took place as formally. Bidding was very fast and we append below the prices paid and the names of those who secured the lots. Lot 1—Mr. Ah Wong, \$310; Lot 2—Mr. Ah Wong, \$185; Lot 3—Mr. Ah Wong, \$300; Lot 4—Mr. Leabirel, \$300; Lot 5—Mr. Leabirel, \$180; Lot 6—Mr. Xavier, \$170; Lot 7, Mr. R. J. Remedios, \$390; Lot 8, Mr. Mok Yuk Tong, \$230; Lot 9, Mr. Ritchie, \$215; Lot 10, Mr. Ritchie, \$205; Lot 11, Mr. Razack, \$150; Lot 12, Mr. Arrak, \$180; Lot 13, Mr. Arrak, \$215; Lot 14, Mr. Ho Chuk Wan, \$180; Lot 15, Mr. Li Wing Tai, \$165; Lot 16, Mr. Yee Pak Hung, \$155; Lot 17, Mr. Ho Sam, \$100; Lot 18, Mr. Ah On, \$90; and Lot No. 19, Mr. Ah On, \$60.

## SINGAPORE CARRIAGE ACCIDENTS.

A CURIOUS COINCIDENCE.

Following the tragic news received from Singapore yesterday—that Mr. H. I. Choppe, the agent for the Peninsular and Oriental Steam Navigation Company, had died from injuries received in a carriage accident—the following paragraph, which appeared in the *Eastern Daily Mail*, is invested with special interest. That two members of the same firm should be involved in carriage accidents within a week is a strange coincidence. The paragraph in question reads:—A gharry pony got out of control last night, the 10th inst., in Orchard Road and ran amok. While Mr. Leriche of the P. & O. Co. was the occupant of the vehicle, he had a very narrow escape from what might have proved to be a fatal accident. Apparently the animal's blinkers slipped, and in sudden alarm it bolted down the road, careering wildly into Mr. Abram's yard, via the back door, displaying considerable equine agility therein, and proceeded in its mad career, through the front door into Orchard Road again. There, it took a fancy to Wilson & Co.'s Photographic Studio; in the compound of that house it managed to do considerable damage to plants and other objects less moveable than the house itself. By good fortune, Mr. Leriche was himself able to get out of the carriage before it came to a final stop, thanks to the joint efforts of Messrs. Wheeler and Kirwan, who ran out and captured the pony just as it was settling down to a final smash into the roadside drain. A large number of people were about at the time, and it seems remarkable that the only damage done was to the vehicle, and not to life or limb.

## To-day's Advertisements.



SUPREME COURT.

IT IS HEREBY NOTIFIED that, by command of His Excellency the Governor, and pursuant to Section 8 of The Public Health and Buildings Ordinance, 1903, (No. 1 of 1903) as amended by Section 3 of The Public Health and Buildings Amendment Ordinance, 1905, (No. 23 of 1905), an ELECTION BY RATE-PAYERS OF TWO MEMBERS TO THE SANITARY BOARD will take place at the City Hall, on MONDAY, the 22nd of January, commencing at 4 o'clock in the afternoon.

The following persons will be entitled to vote at the election, that is to say:—

(a) Rate-payers who are included in the Special and Common Jury Lists for the year 1905.

(b) Rate-payers who are exempted from serving on a jury on account of their professional vocations.

The election will be conducted in accordance with the Rules contained in Schedule C to the above-named Ordinance.

Voting will commence immediately after the nomination and continue until 6 P.M., when the ballot-box will be closed.

No Rate-payer will be allowed to vote unless he produces to the Undersigned the receipt for the Rates paid by him for the month of December, 1905, or otherwise satisfies the Undersigned that he is a Rate-payer.

ARATHOON SETH,

Registrar.

Hongkong, 12th January, 1906. [135]

## PUBLIC AUCTION.

THE Undersigned have received instructions to sell by

## PUBLIC AUCTION,

FOR ACCOUNT OF THE CONCERNED, on

SATURDAY,

the 20th January, 1906, at 2.30 P.M., at their Sales Rooms, No. 8, Des Voeux Road, corner of Ice House Street, One 18-K. GOLD, DIAMOND and EMERALD RING, One Benson's GOLD WATCH, One DIAMOND RING (snake pattern), &c., &c.

TERMS:—As usual.

HUGHES &amp; HOUGH,

Auctioneers.

Hongkong, 18th January, 1906. [138]

STATIONERY! STATIONERY! STATIONERY!

HAVE just received a large and varied consignment of Stationery suitable for all purposes, such as Academic, Crown Vellum, Parchment and Scottish Scenery Note Papers and Envelopes.

Now on Show

Inspection earnestly solicited.

H. RUTTONJEE,

Hongkong and Kowloon.

Hongkong, 18th January, 1906. [140]

## To-day's Advertisements.

THE KOWLOON LAND AND BUILDING COMPANY, LIMITED.

NOTICE is hereby given that the SEVENTEENTH ORDINARY MEETING of SHAREHOLDERS in this Company will be held at the Company's Office, Victoria Buildings, on TUESDAY, the 6th February, 1906, at 12 o'clock (Noon), for the purpose of receiving the Report of the Directors together with Statement of Accounts for the year ending 31st December, 1905.

The REGISTER of SHARES of the Company will be CLOSED from MONDAY, the 19th January, to TUESDAY, the 6th February (both days inclusive), during which period no Transfer of Shares can be registered.

By Order of the Board of Directors, A. SHELTON HOOVER, Secretary to the Hongkong Land Investment & Agency Co., Ltd., Agents for the Kowloon Land & Building Co., Ltd., Hongkong, 18th January, 1906. [139]

## CHEESE.

VERY CHOICE AUSTRALIAN

CHEDDAR,

(ONLY 60 CENTS PER LB.)

TRY SOME.

## THE DAIRY FARM CO., LIMITED.

Hongkong, 18th January, 1906. [141]

FOR SHANGHAI, YOKOHAMA AND KOBE.

HE Steamship

"SAMBIA,"

Captain Ehlers, will be despatched for the above Ports, on SATURDAY, the 20th instant, at 9 A.M.

HAMBURG-AMERIKA LINIE, Hongkong Office.

Hongkong, 18th January, 1906. [142]

FROM HAMBURG, ANTWERP, PENANG AND SINGAPORE.

THE H. A. L. Steamship

"SAMBIA,"

Captain Ehlers, having arrived from the above ports, Consignees of Cargo are hereby requested to send in their Bills of Lading for countersignature by the Undersigned and to take immediate delivery of their goods from alongside.

Optional Cargo will be forwarded unless notice to the contrary be given before T.O. DAY.

Any Cargo impeding her discharge will be landed into the hazardous and/or extra hazardous Godowns of the Hongkong and Kowloon Wharf and Godown Co., Limited, and stored at Consignees' risk and expense.

All Claims must be presented within ten days of the steamer's arrival here after which date they cannot be recognised.

No Claims will be admitted after the Goods have left the Godowns, and all Goods remaining undelivered after the 24th January, 1906, will be subject to rent.

All broken, chafed and damaged Goods are to be left in the Godowns, where they will be examined on the 24th January, 1906, at 10 A.M.

No Fire Insurance has been effected.

HAMBURG-AMERIKA LINIE,

Hongkong Office.

Hongkong, 18th January, 1906. [143]

NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES.

THE P. &amp; O. S. N. Co.'s Steamer

"PEKIN."

FROM BOMBAY AND STRAITS.

Consignees of Cargo by the above-named vessel are hereby informed that their Goods are being landed and placed at their risk in the Hongkong and Kowloon Wharf and Godown Company's Godowns at Kowloon, where each consignment will be sorted out mark by mark, and delivery can be obtained as soon as the Goods are landed.

This vessel brings on Cargo:—

From Persian Gulf, ex B.I.S.N. and B. & P.

S. N. Co.'s Steamers.

Goods not cleared by the 25th instant, at 4 P.M., will be subject to rent.

No Fire Insurance will be effected by me in any case whatever.

Damaged Packages must be left in the Godowns for examination by the Consignees' and the Company's representative at an appointed hour.

All claims must be presented within ten days of the steamer's arrival here after which date they cannot be recognised.

No claims will be admitted after the goods have left the Godowns.

F. A. HEWETT,

Superintendent.

Hongkong, 18th January, 1906. [144]

NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES.

FROM CALCUTTA, PENANG AND SINGAPORE.

THE Steamship

"LIGHTNING,"

having arrived from the above Ports, Consignees of Cargo are hereby informed that their Goods will be delivered from alongside.

Cargo impeding the discharge will be landed at once, at Consignees' risk and expense.

Cargo remaining on board after 2 P.M. of the 20th instant, will be landed at Consignees' risk and expense into the hazardous and/or extra hazardous Godowns of the Hongkong



## Shipping—Steamers.

OCEAN STEAMSHIP CO., LD.  
AND  
CHINA MUTUAL STEAM NAV. CO., LD.  
JOINT SERVICES.FORTNIGHTLY SAILINGS FOR LONDON AND CONTINENT.  
MONTHLY SAILINGS FOR LIVERPOOL.TAKING CARGO ON THROUGH BILLS OF LADING FOR ALL EUROPEAN,  
NORTH AND SOUTH AMERICAN, WEST AUSTRALIAN, JAVA  
AND SUMATRA PORTS.

## EUROPEAN SERVICE.

## OUTWARD.

FROM	STEAMERS	DATE
GLASGOW and LIVERPOOL	"NINGCHOW"	19th January
GLASGOW and LIVERPOOL	"ACHILLES"	30th "
GLASGOW and LIVERPOOL	"PELEUS"	6th February
GLASGOW and LIVERPOOL	"ALCINOUS"	13th "
GLASGOW and LIVERPOOL	"LAERTES"	20th "
GLASGOW and LIVERPOOL	"YANGTSE"	27th "
GLASGOW and LIVERPOOL	"DIOMED"	6th March
GLASGOW and LIVERPOOL	"AGAMEMNON"	13th "
GLASGOW and LIVERPOOL	"TEENKAI"	20th "

S.S. "Ningchow" left Singapore on the 13th inst. p.m., and is due here on the 19th.

## HOMeward.

FOR	STEAMERS	TO SAIL
*GENOA, MARSEILLES & L'POOL	"PAK LING"	20th January
AMSTERDAM, LONDON & ANTWERP	"STENTOR"	30th "
AMSTERDAM, LONDON & ANTWERP	"PATROCLUS"	13th February
*GENOA, MARSEILLES & L'POOL	"ANTENOR"	20th "
AMSTERDAM, LONDON & ANTWERP	"SAINT-BEDE"	27th "

\* Taking Cargo for Liverpool at London Rates.

## TRANS-PACIFIC SERVICE.

OPERATING IN CONJUNCTION WITH

THE NORTHERN PACIFIC RAILWAY CO.

AND TAKING CARGO ON THROUGH BILLS OF LADING TO ALL  
OVERLAND COMMON POINTS IN THE UNITED STATES  
OF AMERICA AND CANADA.

## EASTWARD.

FOR	STEAMERS	TO SAIL
VICTORIA, SEATTLE, TACOMA, and	"NINGCHOW"	22nd January, at 10 A.M.
all PACIFIC COAST PORTS, via	"YANGTSE"	24th February
NAGASAKI, KOBE and YOKOHAMA.		

## WESTWARD.

FROM	STEAMERS	DATE
TACOMA, SEATTLE, VICTORIA and	"PINGYUE"	25th January
PACIFIC COAST	"OANFA"	26th February

For Freight, apply to

BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE,  
AGENTS.

Hongkong, 17th January, 1906.

## CHINA NAVIGATION CO., LIMITED.

FOR	STEAMERS	TO SAIL
SHANGHAI, YOKOHAMA, KOBE,	"SHAOSING"	19th January
CEBU and ILOILO	"BAJAH"	19th "
MANILA	"SZECHUAN"	20th "
CEBU and ILOILO	"SUNGKIAN"	22nd "
MANILA, ZAMBOANGA, PORT DARWIN, THURSDAY ISLAND, COOKTOWN, CAIRNS, TOWNSVILLE, SYDNEY and MELBOURNE	"TAMING"	23rd "
	"KAIPOK"	30th "
	"TAIYUAN"	1st February

\* Taking Cargo on through Bills of Lading, to all Yangtze and Northern China Ports.

\* The Attention of Passengers is directed to the Superior Accommodation offered by these steamers, which are fitted throughout with Electric Light. Unrivalled table. A duly qualified Surgeon is carried.

\* Taking Cargo and Passengers at through Rates for all New Zealand and other Australian Ports.

For Freight or Passage, apply to

BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE,  
AGENTS.

Hongkong, 18th January, 1906.



## HONGKONG—MANILA.

Highest Class, newest, fastest and most luxurious Steamers  
between Hongkong and Manila.—Saloon amidships—Electric  
Light—Perfect Cuisine—Surgeon and Stewardess carried.  
—All the most up-to-date arrangements for comfort of  
Passengers.CHINA AND MANILA  
STEAMSHIP COMPANY, LIMITED.

Steamship	Tons	Captain	For	Sailing Dates
RUMI	2540	R. Almond	MANILA	FRIDAY, 19th Jan., at 4 P.M.
ZAFIRO	2540	R. Rodger	"	SATURDAY, 27th Jan., at 4 P.M.

For Freight or Passage, apply to

SHEWAN, TOMES & CO.,  
GENERAL MANAGERS.

Hongkong, 16th January, 1906.



## HONGKONG—NEW YORK.

AMERICAN ASIATIC  
STEAMSHIP CO.

FOR NEW YORK via PORTS AND SUEZ CANAL.

(With Liberty to Call at the Malabar Coast).

Steamship	Tons	Captain	For	Sailing Dates
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For Freight and further information, apply to

SHEWAN, TOMES & CO.,  
General Agents.

Hongkong, 23rd December, 1905.

## NOT RESPONSIBLE FOR DEBTS.

NEITHER the CAPTAIN, the AGENTS, nor the Owners will be RESPONSIBLE for any DEBTS contracted by the Officers or the Crew of the following vessel during her stay in Hongkong Harbour—  
CRUISE CRUIER, British ship, Captain John Jones—Standard Oil Co.

## NOTICE.

THE Public are hereby informed that no change has been made in the Rates of Subscription to the Hongkong Telegraph and the are warned against paying more than 100 CENTS (10 cts.) per Single Copy.  
THE MANAGER,  
Hongkong Telegraph Co., Ltd.  
Hongkong, 30th September, 1905.

## Shipping—Steamers.

## HONGKONG-MACAO LINE.

S.S. "WING CHAI,"  
Captain T. AUSTIN, R.N.R.

THIS Steamer departs from Hongkong on Week Days, at 8 A.M. and on Sundays at 8.30 A.M. Departs from Macao on Week Days at 2.30 P.M. and on Sundays at 3.30 P.M., if tide permits.

FARES.—Week Days, 1st Class, including Cabin and servant, Single \$3; Return Ticket, \$5; 2nd Class, \$2; 3rd Class, 10 cents.

Every Sunday will be an Excursion, at the following rates.—1st and 2nd Class, Single Ticket, \$1; Return, \$2; 3rd Class, Single, 30 cents; Return, 50 cents. Storage, 10 cents. Breakfast, Tea and Dinner can be supplied either on Board, or at the Macao Hotel, for returning passengers only, at an extra charge of \$2.

On Sundays, passengers desiring to have a Private Cabin which has accommodation for two or more passengers, will be charged \$5 extra.

First Class Passengers, who do not care to return on the Excursion Sunday, will be allowed to do so the following day (Monday) on production of the Return Half Ticket. Should the Steamer not run on the Monday, owing to the Boiler cleaning, due notice will be given by the Captain, and the Half Ticket will be available for the following day.

The Steamer is lit throughout by Electricity. The Steamer's wharf at Hongkong is at the Western end of Wing Lok Street.

S.M. WANG Co.

Hongkong, 2nd January, 1906.

## STEAM TO CANTON.

THE New Twin Screw Steel Steamers.

Tons Captain

"KWONG CHOW" 1,309 T. R. MEAD.  
"KWONG TUNG" 1,338 H. W. WALKER.

Leave Hongkong for Canton at 9 every evening (Saturday excepted).

Leave Canton for Hongkong about 5.30 o'clock every evening (Sunday excepted).

These Fine New Steamers have unexcelled Accommodation for First Class Passengers and are lit throughout by Electricity. Electric Fans in First Class Cabins.

Passage Fare—Single Journey \$4.  
Meals included \$1 each.

The Company's Wharf is a short distance West of the Harbour Master's Office.

SHIU ON S.S. CO., LD., and  
YUEN ON S.S. CO., LD.,  
No. 8, Queen's Road West.

Hongkong, 23rd August, 1905.

## INDO-CHINA STEAM NAVIGATION CO., LD.

(PROJECTED SAILINGS FROM HONGKONG—SUBJECT TO ALTERATION).

For	Steamship	On
MANILA	YUENSANG	FRIDAY, 19th Jan., 4 P.M.
SANDAKAN	MAUSANG	SATURDAY, 20th Jan. Noon.
SINGAPORE, PENANG & CALCUTTA	KUMSANG	WEDNESDAY, 31st Jan., 3 P.M.

\* These Steamers have superior accommodation for First-class Passengers, and are fitted throughout with Electric Light.

\* Taking Cargo on through Bills of Lading to Lahad Datu, Simporna, Tawau, Usukan, Jesselton and Labuan.

For Freight or Passage, apply to

JARDINE, MATHESON & CO.,  
General Managers.

Hongkong, 18th January, 1906.

PORTLAND & ASIATIC STEAMSHIP CO.  
PROPOSED SAILINGS FROM HONGKONG, via SHANGHAI, INLAND  
SEA OF JAPAN, MOJI, KOBE and YOKOHAMA,

## PORTLAND, OREGON,

OPERATING IN CONNECTION WITH

## THE OREGON RAILROAD AND NAVIGATION COMPANY.

Steamship	Tons	Captain	To Sail at Daylight on
"NUMANTIA"	3,370	Feldmann	January 22nd, at 5 P.M.
"ARABIA"	4,483	Metzenthin	January 31st.
"ARAGONIA"	5,198	Ernst	January 31st.
"NICOMEDIA"	4,370	Wagemann	

Through Bills of Lading issued to Pacific Coast Points and all Eastern, Canadian and United States Ports. For through rates of Freight and further information, communicate with or apply to

S. SILVERSTONE, Acting General Agent

COMPAGNIE DES MESSEGERIES  
MARITIMES.FOR  
MARSEILLES, HAVRE, ANTWERP  
(DIRECT).

Taking Cargo to LONDON with prompt trans-shipment at Marseilles.

Calling at MANILA, SINGAPORE, PENANG and COLOMBO.

THE Company's Steamship

"KOUANG-SI"

Captain Barillon, will be despatched as above, on or about the 6th February, 1906.

This Steamer has Accommodation for Passengers and carries a duly qualified Doctor.

For information as to Passage and Freight, apply to

G. DE CHAMPEAUX,  
Agent,  
Queen's Building,  
Hongkong, 26th December, 1905. (1289-K)

FOR SINGAPORE, PENANG, COLOMBO, PORT SAID AND NAPLES.

(If sufficient inducement offered).

THE Steamship

"RHENANIA"

Captain Frick, will be despatched for the above Ports, on or about the 10th February.

The Steamer has splendid accommodation for Passengers and carries a duly qualified Doctor and Stewardess.

HAMBURG-AMERIKA LINIE,  
Hongkong Office.

Hongkong, 12th January, 1906.

## NORTHERN PACIFIC LINE.

BOSTON STEAMSHIP COMPANY.  
BOSTON TUG-BOAT COMPANY.

Connecting at Tacoma with

NORTHERN PACIFIC RAILWAY  
COMPANY.

PROPOSED SAILINGS FROM HONGKONG FOR

VICTORIA, B.C., AND TACOMA,

via

MOJI, KOBE AND YOKOHAMA.

Steamer Tons Captain Sailing

Shawmut 9,606 E. V. Roberts 27th Jan.

Tyader 3,753 J. Alwen 10th Feb.

Tremont 9,606 T. W. Garlick 20th Feb.

Lyra 4,417 G. V. Williams

\* Cargo only.

CHEAP FARES, EXCELLENT ACCOMMODATION.

ATTENDANCE AND CUISINE, ELECTRIC

LIGHT, DOCTOR AND STEWARDESSES.

The crew consists of S.S. Shawmut and Tremont

are fitted with very superior accommodation for

first and second class passengers. The

large size of these vessels ensures steadiness

at sea. Electric fan in each room.

Barber's shop and steam-laundry. Cargo

carried in cold storage.

For further information, apply to

DODWELL & CO., LIMITED,  
General Agents.Queen's Buildings,  
Hongkong, 11th January, 1906.

REGULAR STEAMSHIP SERVICE

## TO NEW YORK.

via PORTS AND SUEZ CANAL.

(With Liberty to Call at Malabar Coast).

PROPOSED SAILINGS FROM HONGKONG

Steamship About

"PATHAN" 23rd January.

"ST. GEORGE" to follow.

"SHIMOSA" to follow.

For Freight and further information, apply to

DODWELL & CO., LIMITED,  
Agents.

Hongkong, 12th January, 1906.

## Consignees.

## "MOGUL" LINE OF STEAMERS.

## NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES.

FROM GLASGOW AND LIVERPOOL.

S.S. "ERROLL."

CONSIGNEES OF Cargo are hereby informed

that all Goods are being landed at their

risk into the Godowns of the Hongkong and

Kowloon Wharf and Godown Company,

at Kowloon, whence and/or from the wharves

delivery may be obtained.

No Claims will be admitted after the Goods

have left the Godowns, and all Goods remaining

undelivered after the 23rd instant will be subject

to rent.

All Claims against the Steamer must be pre-

sented to the Undersigned on or before the 27th

instant, or they will not be recognized.

All broken, chafed, and damaged Goods are

to be left in the Godowns, where they will be

examined on the 23rd instant, at 3 P.M.

No Fire Insurance has been effected.

Bills of Lading will be countersigned by

DODWELL & CO., LIMITED,  
Agents.

Hongkong, 17th January, 1906.

## "BEN" LINE OF STEAMERS.

## NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES.

S.S. "BENLARIQ,"

FROM ANTWERP, LONDON AND

STRAITS.

CONSIGNEES OF Cargo are hereby

informed that all Goods are being landed

at their risk into the hazardous and/or extra

hazardous Godowns of the Hongkong and Kow-

loon Wharf and Godown Co., Ltd., whence

and/or from the wharves delivery may be

obtained.

No Claims will be admitted after the Goods

have left the Godowns, and all Goods undel-

ivered after the 22nd instant will be subject

to rent.

All Claims against the Steamer must be pre-

sented to the Undersigned on or before the 30th

instant, or they will not be recognized.

All broken, chafed, and damaged Goods are

to be left in the Godowns, where they will be

examined on the 20th instant, at 11 A.M.

No Fire Insurance has been effected.

Bills of Lading will be countersigned by

GIBB, LIVINGSTON & CO.,  
Agents.

Hongkong, 16th January, 1906.

## NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES.

"GLEN" LINE OF STEAMERS.

FROM LONDON, &amp;c.

THE Steamship

"GLENSTRAE"

having arrived from the above Ports, Consignees

of Cargo by her are hereby informed that their

Goods are being landed at their risk into the

Godowns of the Hongkong and Kowloon

Wharf and Godown Co., Limited, at Kowloon,

where each consignment will be sorted out

marked by mark, and delivery can be obtained

as soon as the Goods are landed.

Optional Goods will be carried on unless

instructions are given to the contrary before

4 P.M., TO-DAY.

Goods not cleared by the 22nd instant will

be subject to rent.

No Fire Insurance will be effected.

All damaged packages must be left in the

Godowns, and a certificate of the damage

obtained from the Godown Company within

ten days after the steamer's arrival.

No claims will be recognized if not presented

within 14 days of the ship's arrival.

McGREGOR BROS. &amp; GOW.

Hongkong, 16th January, 1906.

PORTLAND AND ASIATIC STEAMSHIP

COMPANY.

## NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES.

S.S. "NUMANTIA,"

FROM PORTLAND (OR.), YOKOHAMA,

KOBE AND MOJI.

THE above steamer having arrived, Consignees

of Cargo are hereby requested to send in their

Bills of Lading for Countersignature

and to take immediate delivery of their

goods from alongside.

Cargo impeding the discharge of the vessel

will be landed and stored at Consignees' risk

and expense.

No Fire Insurance will be effected by us in

any case whatever.

S. SILVERSTONE,  
Acting General Agent.

Hongkong, 15th January, 1906.

FROM HAMBURG, PENANG AND

SINGAPORE.

THE H. A. L. Steamship

"SPEZIA."

Captain Müller, having arrived from the

above Ports, Consignees of Cargo are hereby

requested to send in their Bills of Lading for







